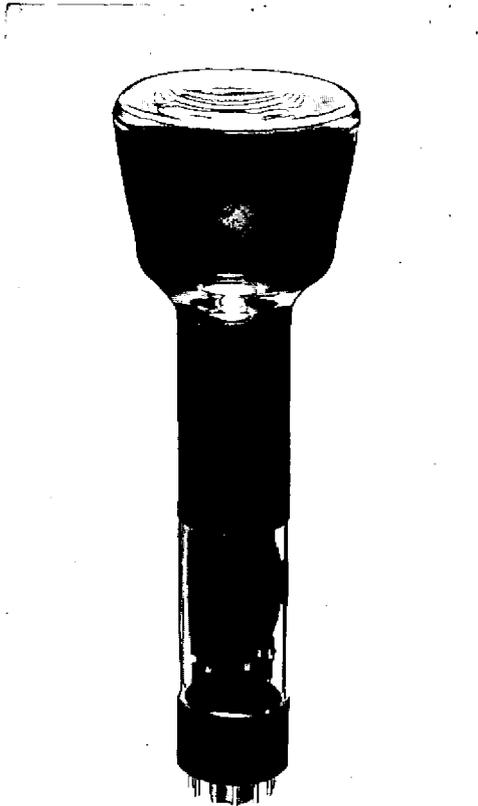


*Toshiba*

**E I A**  
**REGISTRATION DATA**

Type **3BJP4**

Date issued **May 30 1960**



Toshiba 3BJP4 is a 3 inch, round face, non-aluminized, electrostatic focus and magnetic deflection view-finder cathode-ray tube, especially suitable for transistorized camera use.

This tube features half-heater-power, high light out put, high resolution and adaptable with conventional 70 degrees deflection yoke.

**General:**

*Heater for Unipotential Cathode:*

Voltage (AC or DC) ..... 6.3 volts

Current ..... 0.3 amp

*Direct Interelectrode Capacitances; Approximate*

Grid No. 1 to all other electrodes ..... 6  $\mu$ f

Cathode to all other electrodes ..... 5  $\mu$ f

Phosphor .....	P 4
Fluorescent color .....	white
Persistence .....	medium
Focusing Method .....	Electrostatic
Deflection Method .....	Electromagnetic
Deflection Angle (Approximate) .....	40 degrees
Electron Gun .....	Requires external single-field iontrap magnet
Overall Length .....	9 $\frac{1}{4}$ " $\pm$ $\frac{1}{4}$ "
Greatest Diameter .....	3" $\pm$ $\frac{1}{8}$ "
Minimum Useful Screen Diameter .....	2 $\frac{3}{4}$ "
Basing .....	12 BD
Base .....	JEDEC No. B 12-43

**Maximum Ratings (Design-center Values):**

Ultor Voltage .....	3000 max. volts DC
Ultor Input .....	6 max. watts
Grid No. 4 (Focusing electrode) Voltage .....	1500 max. volts DC
Grid No. 2 Voltage .....	410 max. volts DC
Grid No. 1 Voltage	
Negative-bias value .....	125 max. volts DC
Positive-bias value .....	0 max. volts DC
Positive-peak value .....	2 max. volts
Heater to Cathode Voltage	
Heater positive with respect to cathode .....	125 max. volts
Heater negative with respect to cathode .....	125 max. volts
Peak value during a warm-up period not exceed 15 second ; heater negative .....	410 max. volts

**Characteristics Range Values for Equipment Design:**

For any ultor voltage ( $E_{C5}$ ) between 2500 and 3000 volts	
Grid No. 4 voltage for focus with ultor current of 200 $\mu$ A .....	30 to 48% of $E_{C5}$ volts
Grid No. 1 voltage for visual extinction	
of undeflected focused spot when circuit design utilizes	
grid No. 2 voltage ( $E_{C2}$ ) at fixed value .....	11 to 26% of $E_{C2}$ volts
Grid No. 4 current for any operating conditing .....	15 to 10 $\mu$ amp



Examples of Use of Design Ranges :

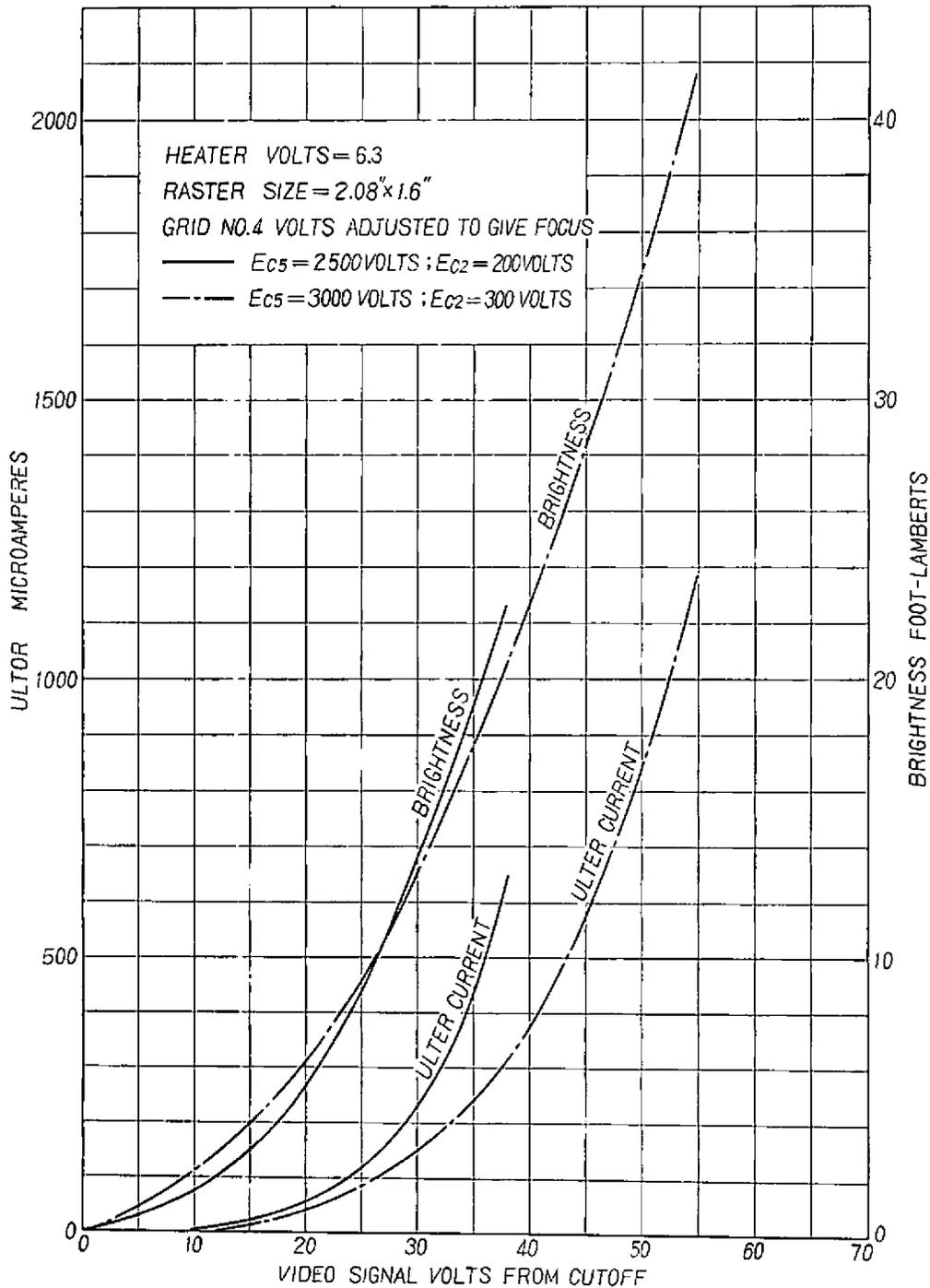
Ultor voltage .....	2500	3000	volts DC
Grid No. 4 voltage (Focusing electrode) (Note 1) .....	750~1200	900~1500	volts DC
Grid No. 2 voltage .....	200	300	volts DC
Grid No. 1 voltage (Note 2).....	-22~-51	-33~-77	volts
Field strength of iontrap magnet .....	12	14	gausses

Maximum Circuit Values :

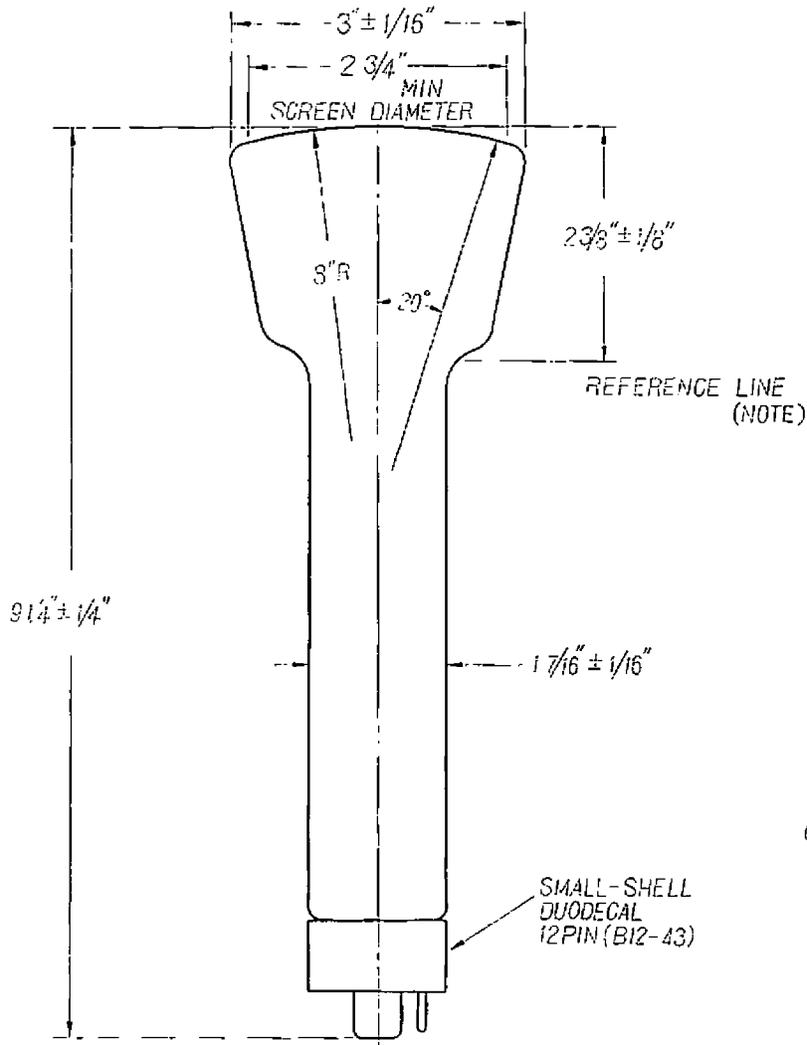
Grid No. 1 circuit resistance ..... 1.5 max. megohm

- NOTES: 1. With the combined grid No. 1 bias and signal voltage adjusted to give an anode current of 200  $\mu$ A in 2.08"  $\times$  1.6" picture size.
2. Visual extinction of undeflected focused spot.

3BJP4 AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

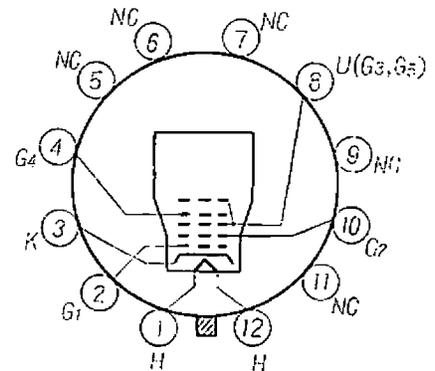


**DIMENSIONAL OUTLINE**



Note: Reference line is determined by position where hinged gauge 1.500" ± 0.03" - 0.000" and 2" long will rest on bulb cone.

**BOTTOM VIEW OF BASE CONNECTIONS**



**PIN CONNECTIONS**

- PIN 1- Heater
- PIN 2-Grid No. 1
- PIN 3- Cathode
- PIN 4-Grid No. 4
- PIN 5-NC
- PIN 6-NC
- PIN 7-NC
- PIN 8-Ultor (Grid No. 3, Grid No. 5 Collector)
- PIN 9- NC
- PIN 10- Grid No. 2
- PIN 11-NC
- PIN 12-Heater

*Toshiba*

*All inquiries as to the data should be addressed to Tokyo Shibaura Electric Co., Ltd., Lamp and Tube Manufacturing and Sales Division, 72 Horikowacho, Kawasaki, Kanagawa-ken, Japan.*